

Cyberbullying Policy

All staff at GEMS united Indian school Abu Dhabi ensure that every child matters in the GUIS community so that all pupils:

Stay healthy

Stay safe

Enjoy learning

Achieve economic well being

Make positive contributions

Cyberbullying may be defined as the use of electronic communication, particularly mobile phones and the internet, to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature.

Children and adults may be reluctant to admit to being the victims of cyberbullying. It can take a number of different forms like

- 1. Threats and intimidation
- 2. Harassment or 'cyber-stalking' (Example: repeatedly sending unwanted texts or instant messages),
- 3. Sexting (Example: sending and receiving sexually explicit messages, primarily between mobile phones)
- 4. Unauthorized publication of private information/images and trolling (abusing the internet to provoke or offend others online).
- 5. Face-to-face bullying, with technology providing the bully with another route to harass their target.
- 6. **Chat room bullying** involves sending menacing or upsetting responses to children when they are in a virtual class room.

Cyberbullying and the Law:

Bullying is never acceptable and the school fully recognizes its duty to protect all of its members and to provide a safe, healthy environment for everyone.

Use of Technology in School All staff and students of the school community are expected to take responsibility for using technology positively.

Preventing Cyberbullying As with all forms of bullying the best way to deal with cyberbullying is to prevent it happening in the first place. There is no single solution to the problem of cyberbullying but the school will do the minimum to impose a comprehensive and effective prevention strategy.

Parent expectations:

- Keep the computer or other electronic devices in a public place in the house. Periodically check on what your child is doing.
- Discuss the kinds of Internet activities your child enjoys.





- Be up front with your child that you will periodically investigate the files on the computer, the browser history files, and your child's public online activities.
- Search for your child's name online, look at his or her profiles and postings on teen community sites, review web pages or blogs.
- Tell your child that you may review his or her private communication activities if you have reason to believe you will find unsafe or irresponsible behavior.
- Watch out for secretive behavior as you approach your child when they are online, such as rapidly
 switching screens, changing passwords and for attempts to hide online behavior, such as an empty
 history file.
- Engage with them about their online experiences and specifically monitor for instances of cyberbullying.

Make sure they know that you are not judging them, but rather wanting to engage in dialogue with them about their experiences.

All incidents should be reported to the Vice principal and Safe Guarding lead /supervisors of sections who will then ensure the person being bullied is being supported, take responsibility for investigating and managing the incident.

Investigation procedures will be followed in line with the school Anti Bullying Policy

Student expectations:

- If you are being bullied, remember bullying is never your fault. It can be stopped and it can usually be traced.
- Do not ignore the bullying. Tell someone you trust, such as a teacher or parent, or call an advice line
- Try to keep calm. If you are frightened, try to show it as little as possible. Do not get angry, it will only make the person bullying you more likely to continue.

By signing this contract, all stakeholders agree to the stipulations stated in the policy and will follow accordingly and that they clearly understand the consequences for an inappropriate behavior.

Signature of student

Signature of parent

Date:



